Introduction



Lesson Objectives

Lesson goals and themes are presented.

Introductory Illustration

The introductory illustration helps to make the lesson objectives clear by providing a visual representation of the situation.

Speaking -Grammar

Focus

The lesson objectives are shown in context through dialogue and pictures.



The unit's grammar focus is further explained on this page of the supplementary book.

Practice

The student focuses on the lesson's grammar through guided conversation.

Activity

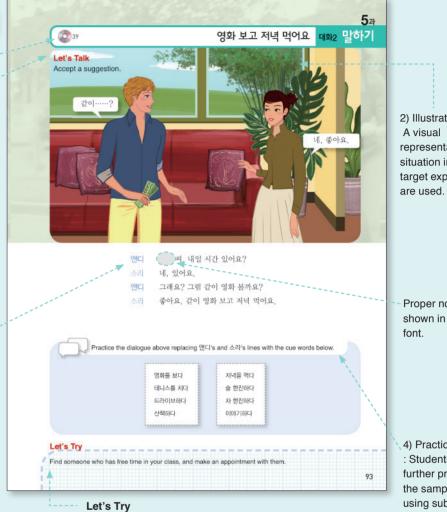
The activity portion of the unit gives more opportunities for practice so that the student may become more fluent with the target grammar.

Speaking Dialogues

Student's Book CD track number

Let's Talk

1) Warm-up: The warm-up introduces the dialogue.



2) Illustration:
A visual
representation of the
situation in which the
target expressions

Proper nouns are shown in a different font.

4) Practice in context : Students are given further practice with the sample dialogue using substitution words.

Letsity

Students reinforce what they've learned through authentic conversation.

Task

3) Sample dialogue : The lesson

objectives are shown in an

authentic dialogue.

Title

The task content is summarized in one sentence.

Illustration

The topic is clearly represented through a picture.



Sample Dialogues

Sample dialogues are provided for students to refer to during the task.

Preparation/Activity/Follow-up

Step-by-step instructions are provided to guide the students through the task.

Reading

1) Focus: By answering these questions, students will understand the main point of the text.

Before Reading

The pre-reading gets students familiar with the topic.

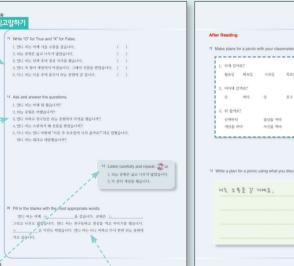
4) T/F questions : The true/false questions are intended to both aid and ensure comprehension of the reading text.

5) Comprehension questions: These questions are intended to further check reading comprehension and to provide students with more speaking practice.



에 선강을 많이 말았다니다. 미니 씨가 발했습니다. 언디 씨, 하늘 공원이 정말 좋아요. 다음 주 모요일에 다시 올까요?" 전디 씨가 대답했습니다. 네, 좋아요. 그런데 다음에는 우리 들이서만 와요." **⊘**a

- 2) Illustration : A visual representation is provided to help make the context of the reading clear.
- 3) Text: To promote reading ability. both dialogues and narratives are used. The vocabulary and grammar for each reading are appropriate for the level.



After Reading

1) Activity: Students participate in free conversation related to the content of the reading.

2) Writing: To check understanding, students write a brief summary of their conversation.

6) Accurate speaking: This practice helps students focus on problem areas in their intonation and pronunciation.

7) Wrap-up: This provides a final comprehension check.



3) Listening: To promote listening ability, both dialogues and narratives are used. The vocabulary and grammar for each listening are appropriate for the level. Additionally, the listening texts are both diverse and interesting.

Listening 2 43-44

재주도는 유명한 산이예요.
 재주도는 한국 동쪽에 있어요.

3, 제주도는 어디에 있어요?

4, 제주도는 어떤 곳이에요

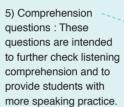
4, 두 사람은 제주도에서 수영할 거예요. () 5, 두 사람은 비행기 표 가례을 알고 싶어요. ()

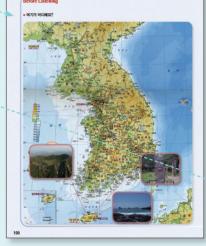
1, 수잔 씨는 이번 휴가 때 무슨 계획이 있어요?

5, 두 사람은 인터넷으로 무엇을 찾아볼 거예요?

Before Listening

The pre-listening gets students familiar with the topic.





기 이번 휴가 때 같이 갈까요?

Listening

-1) Focus : By answering these questions, students will understand the main point of the text.

- 2) Illustration : A visual representation is provided to help make the context of the listening clear.
- 4) T/F questions: The true/false questions are intended to both aid and ensure comprehension of the listening text.

Grammar

A summary of the

target grammar

is provided for

students' review.

- 6) Accurate listening This practice is intended to improve listening accuracy.
- 7) Accurate speaking This practice helps students focus on problem areas in their intonation and pronunciation.
- 8) Wrap-up: This provides a final comprehension check.

After Listening

1) Activity: Students participate in free conversation related to the content of the listening.



2) Writing: To check understanding, students write a brief summary of their conversation.



In Use

This part contains examples of the language points of the unit as they are used in everyday life.

Noun

Verb Adjective

□ Expression

Other

Vocabulary and

Expressions

This is divided into two parts. The first contains vocabulary and expressions related to the main topic of the unit. The second contains other vocabulary and expressions found in the speaking, reading and listening texts.